ough search. “[It’s] absolutely an open playing field,” says committee member E. Dale Collins, M.D., a professor of surgery and director of the Center for Informed Choice at the Dartmouth Institute for Health Policy and Clinical Practice.

Process: To help with the process of finding DMS’s next leader, the search committee is working with Warren Ross, M.D., of the Korn/Ferry search firm. Ross is a former dean of Drexel School of Medicine and has significant experience in high-level searches within academic medicine, according to Alan I. Green, M.D., chair of the search committee and of the Department of Psychiatry.

In addition to Alan Green, the committee consists of five faculty members; three administrators; and two DMS students—Tina Chang, a student in the Program in Experimental and Molecular Medicine, and Meredith Bartelstein, a second-year medical student.

Voice: “Meredith and I will be the voice of all medical students and graduate students who are enrolled under the DMS umbrella,” says Chang. “The entire committee has also made it clear that student opinions are just as important, and that Meredith and I are full voting members of the committee. To have this amount of support for students . . . makes me confident that the search will culminate in the selection of a DMS dean that will best fit the needs of both faculty and students.”

Having students on the committee is “in the tradition of...normality or condition. And in a New York Times article, Welch was quoted as saying, “The efforts to detect cancer early can be a two-edged sword. It helps some people, but it harms others.”

National Public Radio’s All Things Considered recently explored a blockbuster drug used to treat osteoporosis and its lesser-known relative, osteopenia. To explain how the definitions of both conditions were determined, the show interviewed Anna Tosteson, . . . a professor of medicine at [Dartmouth] who attended” a meeting at which the definitions were set. “She says that over a two- or three-day period the experts in the room went back and forth . . . trying to decide precisely where on a graph of diminishing bone density to draw a line. ‘Ultimately it was just a matter of, “Well . . . it has to be drawn somewhere,”’ Tosteson says.”

DMS’s chair of pharmacology and toxicology was mentioned in a Scientific American feature about chronic pain. “In animal experiments . . . Joyce DeLeo and her colleagues at Dartmouth Medical School have shown that a chemical called propentofylline suppresses astrocyte activation and thereby chronic pain,” the article noted. An astrocyte, a type of glial cell, is among the “new culprits in chronic pain,” according to the article. DeLeo has been studying the relationship between glia and chronic pain for two decades.

When brain activity was detected recently in a young man in Belgium who had been diagnosed five years ago as being in a vegetative state, top media outlets sought expert commentary from a noted Dartmouth neurologist. “Dr. James Bernat of Dartmouth Medical School, a spokesman for the American Academy of Neurology,” told Time that “ever since a research paper four years ago showed apparent signs of awareness in a vegetative patient...
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... families of patients have been clamoring for brain scans. ... [But] it’s still a research tool," he cautioned. Nevertheless, "I’m convinced," he said in a New York Times article, that in some cases "the MRI technique ... gives us a window into human consciousness that we have not had."

Wisconsin Public Radio’s Here on Earth devoted an entire show to a DMS-related initiative called Students for the Advancement of Learning and Medical Aid in Tanzania (SALAMA: Tanzania). The host interviewed two Dartmouth graduates who founded SALAMA and "Dr. Lisa Adams, who teaches global health ... and directs Dartmouth’s Global Health Initiative, ... [which is] designed to unite the multidisciplinary strengths of Dartmouth’s various departments and schools to address specific global health priorities." International efforts "can’t just be about medical care alone," said Adams. "If we’re going to really make an impact, we must look beyond medical research."

For a story about a multi-million dollar contract to pay for face transplants for veterans, the Boston Globe talked with "Dr. Joseph Rosen, a plastic surgeon at Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center. ... ‘We certainly expect that by providing a new face, that would be a big step toward them leading more useful and productive lives,’ said Rosen, who is a consultant to Walter Reed and will help the military monitor its contract. ... ‘It’s very important to address these new problems and come up with viable solutions. It’s not enough to just keep soldiers alive.’" Rosen also noted that "there are nine wounded veterans for every fatality in Iraq and Afghanistan, compared with three wounded for every death in prior conflicts."

The positive findings from a Dartmouth study of a vaccine for tuberculosis (TB) caught the attention of the BBC, U.S. News & World Report, West Africa Democracy Radio, and a number of other media outlets. The “vaccine could cut tuberculosis cases among HIV-positive Africans by almost two-fifths,” the BBC reported. “TB is the most common cause of death among people in developing countries who have HIV/AIDS,” reported U.S. News, “and the results of the clinical trials are a ‘significant milestone,’ according to Dr. Ford von Reyn, director of the DarDar International Programs for the infectious disease and international health section at Dartmouth Medical School.”

A commentary on CBS Sunday Morning cited a “Dartmouth Medical School study [showing] that there’s a strong association between adolescent smoking and watching smoking in movies.” Hollywood drew criticism for its images of junk food, too, thanks to DMS research. “A majority of the top-grossing films in recent years have featured food and beverage product placements,” Reuters noted, “with junk food and fast-food restaurants grabbing most of the starring roles, a new study finds.” When it comes to discussions about advertising, “‘movies have fallen under the radar,’ said study author Lisa Sutherland,” in an article in BusinessWeek. “In fact, she said, no one has studied this topic, until now, although there’s been plenty of research into the roles of tobacco, alcohol, and violence in movies.”

Cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) may be just as effective as sleeping pills, according to a recent article in U.S. News & World Report. And to find out if online CBT works as well as face-to-face therapy, U.S. News turned to "Michael Sateia, chief of sleep medicine at Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center. ... Online treatments ‘have tremendous capacity for reaching a very large number of patients,’" he told the reporter. But “more research is needed to evaluate effectiveness.”

Dartmouth,” says Alan Green. Bartelstein and Chang hosted a forum for their peers to share their ideas about what characteristics the committee should be seeking. The committee hosted forums where faculty and staff could provide input, too, and Alan Green has encouraged people to contact him directly by phone and e-mail to offer their suggestions and to ask questions about the search process.

Members: The other members of the search committee are Charles Barlowe, Ph.D., chair of biochemistry; Erhan Dmitrovsky, M.D., a professor of pharmacology and toxicology and of medicine and former acting dean of DMS; Nancy Formella, M.S.N., president of Mary Hitchcock Memorial Hospital; Thomas Parino, M.D., chief of staff of the Dartmouth-affiliated VA Medical Center in White River Junction, Vt.; Keith Paulsen, Ph.D., a professor of engineering and radiology; Catherine Pipas, M.D., vice chair of community and family medicine and assistant dean of medical education; and Martin Wybourne, Ph.D., D.Sc., vice provost for research. "We have a tremendous opportunity to select an outstanding person for this position," says Alan Green. “When I came here seven years ago," he recalls, “I thought of this place as a rocket ready to take off, and I wanted to catch a ride.”

That’s the kind of enthusiasm the committee is looking for in candidates, in addition to the right blend of credentials, experience, and character.

Jennifer Durgin